

INDICTMENTS MAY NOT BE PRESSED

Said Those Against Kroeger Are Lacking in Strong Evidence.

THESE ARE 14 IN NUMBER WERE FOUND BY GRAND JURY AGAINST LEGAL ADVICE.

It is quite possible that fourteen of the twenty-five indictments returned to Judge Charles W. Morse of the criminal division of the district court by the special grand jury, will never be prosecuted for the lack of sufficient evidence to secure a conviction. It was stated yesterday by those in a position to know that they are against former Justice of the Peace Gustav Kroeger, who is now a resident of Idaho. Just what the charges are is not stated.

The statement was made yesterday that the inquirers returned true bills against Justice Kroeger against the advice of some who weighed the evidence. It was brought to the attention of the grand jurors, so it was stated, that the evidence submitted was not, it was thought, sufficiently strong to secure a conviction in the case, and therefore it would be ill-advised, in the face of matters generally, to return indictments and put the state to the expense of a trial and not be able to secure a conviction.

Jurors Disregarded Advice. But in spite of that advice, it was stated yesterday, the grand jurors "took the bit in their teeth," as it was expressed, and returned fourteen indictments against the former resident of this city.

Justice Kroeger is perfectly willing to return to Salt Lake City any time he is wanted, plead to the indictments and stand trial. Inasmuch as the criminal division of the district court has taken a recess until September, and the justice can not be tried before that time, it has been deemed advisable to let matters rest as they are during the interim.

Before September, however, it is thought that it will be definitely decided upon not to press the indictments. In that event, the district court, when it convenes for the fall term, will be asked to quash them on the grounds of insufficient evidence.

SAYS MARRIAGE WAS FORCED.

F. J. Anstee Makes Serious Charges in Answer to Wife's Complaint.

The marriage between Fred J. Anstee and Miss Hattie Chase, solemnized on Dec. 12, 1902, was on the "shot gun" order, according to the answer and cross-complaint which were filed in the district court in reply to his wife's suit for divorce and petition for \$25 per month permanent alimony. He declares, in substance, that "George Chase, a police officer, who agreed to go through the ceremony in fear of his life."

In her complaint Mrs. Anstee charges desertion and swears that Anstee is the father of her child, Helen J. Anstee, aged 3 months; that they were married in this city on Dec. 12, 1902.

In the second allegation of his answer and cross-complaint, Anstee says that on Dec. 12, 1902, "a pretended marriage was entered into between defendant and the plaintiff, which said pretended marriage then was and ever since has been and now is void and of no effect." The section describing the forced marriage reads as follows:

"That previous to said pretended marriage one George Chase, father of the plaintiff, being then and there a police officer in the city of Salt Lake, state of Utah, on two occasions took this defendant to the police station in said Salt Lake City, and then and there attempted to coerce this defendant into entering into a marriage with said plaintiff, and then and there threatened bodily harm to this defendant in case of his refusal to marry said plaintiff; that thereafter said George Chase compelled this defendant to accompany him to said Chase's residence and then and there, having ability so to do, threatened to take the life of this defendant unless said defendant would marry the plaintiff herein, the daughter of said George Chase; that defendant, fearing that said Chase would kill him unless he married the said plaintiff, did enter into said pretended marriage with plaintiff; that thereafter said defendant, being in deadly fear of his life, and for no other reason, while said fear and force were upon him, went through with said pretended marriage with the sole purpose and intent of saving his life, and never thereafter consented to said pretended marriage or otherwise ratified said pretended marriage or acknowledged said plaintiff to be his wife."

He therefore asks that a decree "be entered declaring void said pretended marriage between himself and plaintiff as obtained by force and threats as aforesaid." He is a clerk in the 300th-Pitts drug store.

LARSEN'S ELECTION WAS LEGAL Supreme Court Declares Void Certificate Issued to A. L. Farrell.

The election of Jacob N. Larsen as county clerk at Cache county, at the last general election in November, 1902, was quashed yesterday by the supreme court in an opinion handed down by Associate Justice Bartch, in which Chief Justice Baskin and Associate Justice McCarthy concurred. In rendering his decision Justice Bartch placed more reliance upon the count of the ballots by the judges of election than he does upon the subsequent count of A. L. Farrell, who was county clerk, and ran for re-election, but was defeated and brought the contest upon the grounds of fraud. That stand was taken by the state supreme court because Farrell admitted, when the case was tried in the district court and decided in his favor, that he had broken the seals on packages of ballots, and counted them, which act the court holds was against the law.

Farrell alleged that the board of canvassers at the election held Nov. 4, 1902, returned 3,060 votes for him, and 3,966 votes for Larsen; that a certificate of election was issued to Larsen. He contended further that in all of the districts of the county, legal votes for himself were registered and illegal votes counted for Larsen; that ballots improperly marked and bearing marks of identification were counted for his opponent; and that if all the illegal votes cast for the contestant were deducted from the total vote the number of votes received by the contestant would be less than the number received by Farrell.

At the trial in the district court the judge found that Farrell had received, of the legal votes cast, 3,934, and the contestant 3,029, and ordered Farrell to be seated and ordered the certificate of election to Larsen cancelled and annulled.

The findings of the lower court are reversed and Larsen declared elected, as the judges of election so certified, because the ballots had not been preserved in accordance with statutory requirements, and further because the contestant, Farrell, who was county clerk, had opened one or more sealed

packages of counted votes, and recounted them.

WANLESS MUST STAND TRIAL.

Judge Hall Refuses to Dismiss the Complaint Against Him.

In the probate division of the district court Judge William C. Hall yesterday morning denied the motion of Attorneys C. S. Kinney and Soren X. Christensen, that the complaint against Attorney Will F. Wanless, charged with preventing a witness from attending trial, be dismissed. The defendant was not in court. The case now goes to Judge Charles W. Morse of the criminal division for trial.

Julia Hansen was the chief witness in the case of a certain woman, who was tried before Judge Johnson in the criminal division of the district court. At the trial she failed to appear. When arrested she said Attorney Wanless, who represented Olsen, had persuaded her to leave the city. Attorney Wanless was arrested on a complaint sworn to by Deputy Sheriff Axel X. Steele. He was tried before Judge Chris Diehl in the city court, found guilty and fined \$25. A motion for a new trial was denied, but a stay of execution was secured to permit the case being taken up to Judge Hall.

Both Sides Awarded Claims. Judge Hall yesterday handed down a decision in the case of W. H. Woodward vs. W. H. Dodge, E. P. Ferry, A. B. Richardson, J. N. Jacobson, Martin McGrath and Mrs. M. McGrath, in which he held that the well known conflict between the Marjorie lode and the Delaware lode mining claims belongs to the plaintiff. He also held that the areas in the Marjorie lode and the Delaware lode and Mayflower No. 1 lode are the property of the defendants, as is also the Delaware lode. The costs of the suit are divided between the plaintiffs and defendants.

Big Judgments Awarded.

Four judgments were yesterday entered by Judge William C. Hall against Charles P. Knight, the well known riding man. The actions were brought to recover the amounts of the judgments, alleged to be due for certain mining claims, misappropriated by Knight and sold by him. The judgments are as follows: Lina Consolidated Mining & Milling company, \$12,623.20; F. S. Morris, \$1,401.32; E. B. Hatcher, \$23,101.86; George P. Twitcheell, \$2,351.52.

Petitions For Rehearing Denied.

The supreme court judges announced yesterday morning that they had denied the petitions for rehearing in the following cases: Patrick Ryan et al. vs. Timothy Egan, appellant; Jonathan Holland vs. the Oregon Short Line Railway company, appellant; Dominick P. Digman et al., appellants, vs. Eliza Nelson et al.

District Court Notes.

Julius Johnson has been granted a divorce from Marie Johnson by Judge William C. Hall on the grounds of cruelty. They were married in this city on Sept. 13, 1894.

The Oregon Short Line has won its condemnation suit against Genevieve M. Byrne and Helen E. Byrne. The ground in question, in the west side of the city, wanted by the road for terminal facilities. The road must pay \$750 for the lot.

The will of Caroline V. Cannon was yesterday admitted to probate by Judge William C. Hall. Mark Y. Adah, Caroline V. C. and John M. Cannon were appointed administrators without bond. The estate is valued at about \$5,000.

L. H. Farnsworth has been appointed administrator of the estate of Catherine D. Foxworthy, deceased. He gave bonds in the sum of \$2,000. The estate is valued at \$1,000.

George A. and W. S. Reid were yesterday appointed executors of the estate of Diana Reid, deceased. According to the will, which was admitted to probate yesterday, the estate is valued at about \$2,300.

Judge William C. Hall yesterday adjudged George Kingston to be the owner of part of lot 6, block 11, plat B. He sued Joseph Cuthbert et al., for a clear title.

WILL ARRIVE TOMORROW.

Sheriff Emery to Come With His Prisoner, Mrs. Hodge.

It is expected that Sheriff Emery will arrive in the city tomorrow morning with Mrs. Aurora Hodge, the self-confessed murderer of William X. Ryan. No word has been received from the sheriff since he left Grand Rapids, and that is taken as a good sign that all is going well.

At first it was feared that the willingness of Mrs. Hodge to leave without requisition papers was simply a ruse to get away from Grand Rapids and then refuse to go any further. In this case it would have been impossible for the sheriff to have compelled her to go and she might have been able to effect her escape. It is not too late yet for such a thing to occur, but the officers do not believe now that she will attempt anything of the kind.

All efforts to locate Cornelius Hodge, the husband of the woman, have proven unavailing. He cannot be traced in any direction from Ogden, where he was last seen.

LARSEN'S ELECTION WAS LEGAL

Supreme Court Declares Void Certificate Issued to A. L. Farrell.

The election of Jacob N. Larsen as county clerk at Cache county, at the last general election in November, 1902, was quashed yesterday by the supreme court in an opinion handed down by Associate Justice Bartch, in which Chief Justice Baskin and Associate Justice McCarthy concurred. In rendering his decision Justice Bartch placed more reliance upon the count of the ballots by the judges of election than he does upon the subsequent count of A. L. Farrell, who was county clerk, and ran for re-election, but was defeated and brought the contest upon the grounds of fraud. That stand was taken by the state supreme court because Farrell admitted, when the case was tried in the district court and decided in his favor, that he had broken the seals on packages of ballots, and counted them, which act the court holds was against the law.

Farrell alleged that the board of canvassers at the election held Nov. 4, 1902, returned 3,060 votes for him, and 3,966 votes for Larsen; that a certificate of election was issued to Larsen. He contended further that in all of the districts of the county, legal votes for himself were registered and illegal votes counted for Larsen; that ballots improperly marked and bearing marks of identification were counted for his opponent; and that if all the illegal votes cast for the contestant were deducted from the total vote the number of votes received by the contestant would be less than the number received by Farrell.

At the trial in the district court the judge found that Farrell had received, of the legal votes cast, 3,934, and the contestant 3,029, and ordered Farrell to be seated and ordered the certificate of election to Larsen cancelled and annulled.

The findings of the lower court are reversed and Larsen declared elected, as the judges of election so certified, because the ballots had not been preserved in accordance with statutory requirements, and further because the contestant, Farrell, who was county clerk, had opened one or more sealed

INFANTS' DISEASE IS AN EPIDEMIC

Chorea Infantum Is Spreading Throughout the City.

DEATH PERCENTAGE IS SMALL

GERMS ARE TRACED TO MILK USED BY PARENTS.

An epidemic of chorea infantum and a kindred disease that attacks older persons, rages in Salt Lake City. The disease is not as fatal this season as it was last year and the year before, but the doctors state that it is a very stubborn complaint to handle. The deaths of children under 3 years of age from chorea infantum up to this time this year number fourteen, as compared with thirteen last year, greatly outnumbered those of this year. In fact, only a few deaths have occurred this year among older children from the disease.

The disease became an epidemic in the city two years ago and for two seasons it caused much loss of life among children. The cause of the epidemic and its fatal nature is attributed by local physicians to the fact that at that time formaldehyde was used very freely in the preservation of milk. It was used to such an extent that at a meeting of the state medical association the matter formed a subject for a long and heated debate.

Heat Causes Epidemic.

A doctor stated yesterday that at that time he took a sample of milk and it had so much formaldehyde in it that he was able to keep it three days in the hot sun before there was any sign of souring. These conditions have been remedied to a certain extent, he states, and that is the reason the disease is not proving so fatal this year except to the younger children, who are more sensitive to the action of the formaldehyde. In relation to the cause of the present epidemic a physician said:

"There is no doubt but that it is caused by the excessive heat, and its effect upon milk and food. Especially does the danger lie in milk. The germ that causes chorea infantum and kindred diseases in older persons is called

broctozoon. This germ grows in milk rapidly when it is over 70 degrees hot. And the germ is more poisonous to children than arsenic. During this hot weather milk is gathered up by the dairymen and no effort is made to keep it cool. It is carried around in the hot sun in delivery wagons, and possibly is allowed to set on some door step in the heat for half an hour or more before it is put in a refrigerator. The result is that the broctozoon develops and makes the milk poisonous.

Care That Milk Demands.

"This will be the case every time in hot weather unless the milk is pasteurized, or is kept at a temperature below 70 degrees. There is never any trouble from milk in the winter time. If you go into high altitudes where the temperature does not get above 70 degrees, you will find no trouble from the milk if it is clean. Thus we see that the only way to prevent poisoning the children and babies is to keep the milk clean in handling the milk they drink.

"Any one who observes the milk that is sold here will find that it is gathered up in outside places, hauled over hot and dusty roads, with no ice to keep it cool, and in many cases not too much care is taken to keep the utensils clean.

"One great trouble is the buttermilk that is sold here. I have been reliably informed that most of the buttermilk used in the city is simply sour milk thrown into a vat and churned all night. In fact, it is what we used to call 'sour milk' in the old days. It is skinned off, the milk is allowed to sit around in warm places and sour, then it is churned and sold for fresh buttermilk. It is but a rank mixture of germs.

"Cream is only viscogen. "Then, too, I am reliably informed that the majority of cream is nothing more than viscogen. This is a preparation that is mixed with skimmed milk, a little butter coloring is put in to give it the cream color, and this mixture is palmed off on the public for pure cream.

"While milk is the principal cause of the disease in question, bad food and fruit are also responsible for it. Especially is this so of meat. In this hot weather meat taints very readily and the ptomaine poisons form. The cooking of the meat destroys the odor, but the poison is there, and when it is eaten it causes the disease. Fruit becomes infected from flies, dust and in other ways, and is also a cause."

The Salt Lake City Brewing company has placed a new brand of lager beer on the market called the "Wuerzburger." The principal saloons in the city are handling it. Call for it. It is fine.

No street hacks at Farrington's.

Remove That Bilious Feeling

You know how it interferes with your daily work, your pleasures and recreations—it is a sure indication that your system is not working right and that you need a little assistance—take

Beecham's Pills

and you will be well, look well and feel well. You will eat well; sleep well and you will work well. You not only need the purgative but the tonic effects of Beecham's Pills to put your entire system in good working order. Beecham's Pills come as a boon and blessing to overworked digestive systems as they correct the evils and lay a solid foundation of health and strength.

Tried and Trusted Friends

Beecham's Pills will prove every point claimed.

Sold Everywhere in Boxes, 10c. and 25c.

You and I

Will both make money if you turn your

Bad Debts

in for collection. We both lose money if you don't

Francis G. Luke,

Scientific Collector of Bad Debts and General Manager Merchants' Protective Association

Top Floor, Commercial Block.

COMING UP OUR WAY TODAY?

It will pay you for we will sell these specials—

50c Women's \$2 Colonials, sizes 5 to 7 E wide.

From 10 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Yours Truly, HIRSCHMAN'S SHOE PEOPLE

Fine Bread and Cakes Baked Fresh Every Day.

Chas. G. Seybold, Proprietor.

10 E 3rd So. St., Salt Lake City.

Phone, 1981.

RELIAIBLE Female Regulating Pills, Price \$2.00, MATHIS, The Druggist, Sole Agent, 21 E. Main St.

There often comes a time in the struggle with pulmonary disease when the victim loses heart and gives up hope. The ambition to be up and around gives the sufferer keeps to the bed.

No one who suffers from lung disease should lose heart or give up hope while there is a possibility of cure. In many cases Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has cured lung "trouble" when the cough was obstinate and deep seated, with hemorrhage, emaciation, night sweats and general weakness. A great many men and women are living to-day in the full enjoyment of health and happiness who had been "given up" by doctors, but found a perfect and permanent cure in the use of "Golden Medical Discovery."

"My wife had hemorrhage of the lungs," writes W. A. Sanders, of Herra, Mason Co., W. Va. "She had ten hemorrhages, and the people all around her began to say she would never be well again. But she began to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and she soon began to gain strength and flesh. After taking ten bottles she was cured, and she found a perfect and permanent cure in the use of 'Golden Medical Discovery.'"

For time tables, folders, illustrated books, pamphlets descriptive of the territory traversed, call at Ticket Office, 201 Main Street, Salt Lake City.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

There's a Berth for You

On the Rock Island's Rocky Mountain Limited. It is in the "center of the Car" if you order far enough in advance. It is in a brilliantly lighted car and there is an individual light for you. It is there for you to use when and how you wish—dressing, undressing, or to read by when you are in bed.

The "Limited" leaves Pueblo at 10:15 a. m., Colorado Springs 11:45 a. m., Denver 11:30 a. m. every day and arrives Chicago 5:30 p. m. the next day. Makes Union Depot connections with limited trains for New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

For reservations of sleeping car space and full information address

E. DRAKE, District Pass. Agent.

G. A. EBLE, Traveling Pass. Agent, 100 West 2nd South St., Salt Lake City, Utah.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.

McCORNICK & CO BANKERS, SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH Transact a General Banking Business.